according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Sodium thiocyanate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2724 date of compilation: 2017-02-15 Version: **2.0 en** Revision: 2021-06-01

Replaces version of: 2017-02-15

Version: (1)



#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **Sodium thiocyanate** ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

Article number 2724

Registration number (REACH) It is not required to list the identified uses be-

cause the substance is not subject to registration

according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

Index number in CLP Annex VI 615-004-00-3 EC number 208-754-4 CAS number 540-72-7

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H312
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

#### **Supplemental hazard information**

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH032	contact with acids liberates very toxic gas

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Warning

**Pictograms** 

GHS07



#### **Hazard statements**

H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hear-

ing protection/...

## **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

#### Supplemental hazard information

EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

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#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Warning

Symbol(s)



H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Sodium thiocyanate

Molecular formula CNNaS

Molar mass 81,07 g/<sub>mol</sub>

CAS No 540-72-7 EC No 208-754-4

Index No 615-004-00-3

#### Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
-	-	764 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 1.100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 1,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	oral dermal inhalation: dust/ mist

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

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#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Sulphur oxides (SOx), Hydrogen cyanide (HCN, prussic acid)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

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#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Data are not available.

#### **Human health values**

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	4,3 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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#### **Environmental values**

#### **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,095 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,009 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	30 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,543 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,054 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	6,336 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0.11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

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#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form crystalline Colour white

Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 308 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

not determined

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined
Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 4,8 (in aqueous solution: 1.070  $^{9}$ /<sub>I</sub>, 20,1  $^{\circ}$ C) (ECHA)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility  $>1.000 \, ^{9}/_{1}$  at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -2,52 (ECHA) not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure <0 Pa at 20 °C

Density  $1,76 \, \mathrm{g}/_{\mathrm{cm}^3}$  at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Bulk density  $800 - 1.000 \, \text{kg/}_{\text{m}^3}$ 

Particle characteristics No data available.

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Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Release of an acute toxic gas: Acids,

Danger of explosion: Nitrites, Acids, Strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### Release of toxic materials with

Acids.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

#### Acute toxicity **Exposure route Endpoint Species** Method Source **Value** 764 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> LD50 **TOXNET** oral rat >2.000 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> dermal LD50 **ECHA** rat

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

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## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

diarrhoea, vomiting, abdominal pain

#### • If in eyes

slightly irritant

#### • If inhaled

slightly irritant

#### • If on skin

Data are not available.

#### Other information

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	65 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	3,56 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h

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# Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	2,6 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

#### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable. The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0,5429 mg/mg

## **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
DOC removal	80 %	28 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW) -2,52 (ECHA)
--

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

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#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 **UN number or ID number** not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments 14.7

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

not listed

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	No Dangerous substance/hazard categories Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes		
	not assigned				

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

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VOC content	0 % 0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>I</sub>

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

## Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Sodium thiocyanate	Metals and their compounds		A)	

Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC

Domestic Substances List (DSL)

EC Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) INSO

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	Remarks: For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-state- ments: see SECTION 16.		yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.	yes
2.2		Pictograms: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

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## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 9 lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

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Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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