according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate ≥97,5 %, extra pure

article number: 3274 date of compilation: 2019-07-05 Version: 1.1 en Revision: 2021-03-22

Replaces version of: 2019-07-05

Version: (1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate** ≥97,5 %, extra

pure

Article number 3274

Registration number (REACH) 01-2119488197-24-xxxx

EC number 611-946-4 CAS number 6018-89-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe

Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.4R	Respiratory sensitisation	1	Resp. Sens. 1	H334
3.45	Skin sensitisation		Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341
3.6	Carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350i
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	1B	Repr. 1B	H360D
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
4.1A	A Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard		Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

	Signal	l word	Danger
--	--------	--------	--------

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08, GHS09







Hazard statements

H302+H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects (if exposed)

Suspected of causing genetic de May cause cancer by inhalation

H350i

May damage the unborn child (if exposed) H360D

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H372

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H410

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection

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Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor

For professional users only

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)







H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects (if exposed).

H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

H360D May damage the unborn child (if exposed).

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate

Molecular formula $C_4H_6NiO_4 \cdot 4H_2O$

Molar mass 248,8 g/_{mol}

REACH Reg. No 01-2119488197-24-xxxx

CAS No 6018-89-9 EC No 611-946-4

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
		550 ^{mg} / _{kg} 1 ^{mg} / _l /4h	oral inhalation: dust/ mist

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

After eye contact: Irritant effects,

Following skin contact: Localised redness, oedema, pruritis and/or pain, Allergic reactions,

Following ingestion: Nausea, Vomiting, Gastrointestinal complaints,

Following inhalation: Cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Metal oxide smoke, toxic

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

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Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source	
GB	nickel, soluble com- pounds		WEL	0,1			Ni	EH40/2005	

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Ni Calculated as Ni (nickel)

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels Endpoint Threshold Protection goal, **Used in Exposure time** level route of exposure DNEL 0,05 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - systemic effects DNEL 104 mg/m³ acute - systemic effects human, inhalatory worker (industry) DNEL 0,05 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) chronic - local effects DNFI 1,6 mg/m³ human, inhalatory worker (industry) acute - local effects DNFI 0,44 µg/cm² human, dermal worker (industry) chronic - local effects

Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels End-**Threshold Organism Exposure time Environmental com**point level partment **PNEC** $7,1 \, ^{\mu g}/_{l}$ freshwater short-term (single instance) aquatic organisms **PNEC** $8,6 \, \mu g/I$ aquatic organisms marine water short-term (single instance) **PNEC** $0.33 \, \text{mg/}_{1}$ sewage treatment plant aquatic organisms short-term (single instance) (STP) 109 mg/kg **PNEC** freshwater sediment short-term (single instance) aquatic organisms 109 mg/kg **PNEC** aquatic organisms marine sediment short-term (single instance) 29,9 mg/kg **PNEC** terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single instance)

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8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,3 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form crystalline Colour light green

Odour like: - Acetic acid

Melting point/freezing point >50 – 110 °C (Release of crystal water)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature >50 °C (Release of crystal water)

pH (value) not applicable
Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 177 ^g/_l at 20 °C

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density 1,74 g/_{cm³}

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes acc. to GHS classes: (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Strong alkali, Strong acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: >50 °C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

		•	• .
Acut	0 to	VIC	141/
ALULI	E LU	XIL	ILV

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	550 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	anhydrous	ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects (if exposed).

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child (if exposed).

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	several organs	if exposed

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

vomiting, nausea, gastrointestinal complaints

If in eyes

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

• If inhaled

May produce an allergic reaction, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

May produce an allergic reaction, pruritis, localised redness

Other information

Other adverse effects: Irreversible damage to internal organs

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	15,3 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
EC50	685,8 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
ErC50	263 ^{μg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
	EC50	33 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min	

Biodegradation

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

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12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: $0,4501 \frac{mg}{mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: $0,7074 \frac{mg}{mg}$

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

BCF 45 (ECHA)	45 (ECHA)
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12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN UN 3077
IMDG-Code UN 3077
ICAO-TI UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

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ADR/RID/ADN ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Environmentally hazardous substance, solid,

n.o.s.

Technical name Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN 9
IMDG-Code 9
ICAO-TI 9

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN III IMDG-Code III ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Classification code M7

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 375, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) Hazard identification No 90
Emergency Action Code 22

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Nickel (II) acet-

ate tetrahydrate)

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg **EmS** F-A, S-F

Stowage category

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A179, A197

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate	nickel compounds		R27	27

Legend

1. Shall not be used:

(a) in any post assemblies which are inserted into pierced ears and other pierced parts of the human body unless the rate of nickel release from such post assemblies is less than 0,2 μg/cm2/week (migration limit); (b) in articles intended to come into direct and prolonged contact with the skin such as:

- necklaces, bracelets and chains, anklets, finger rings,

- wrist-watch cases, watch straps and tighteners,
- rivet buttons, tighteners, rivets, zippers and metal marks, when these are used in garments,
if the rate of nickel release from the parts of these articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin is greater than 0,5 µg/cm2/week.

(c) in articles referred to in point (b) where these have a non-nickel coating unless such coating is sufficient to ensure that the rate of nickel release from those parts of such articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin will not exceed 0,5 µg/cm2/week for a period of at least two years of normal use of the article.

2. Articles which are the subject of paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requireand the smith all the subject of paragraph is shall not be placed on the market diffess they combine to the requirements set out in that paragraph.

3. The standards adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) shall be used as the test methods for

demonstrating the conformity of articles to paragraphs 1 and 2.

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List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)	100 200	56)

Notation

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content	0 %
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Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content	0 %
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Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

not listed

Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and **Transfer Register (PRTR)**

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate	nickel compounds		B)	
Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate	nickel compounds	7440-02-0	C)	
Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		A)	
Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate	Metals and their compounds		A)	

Legend

A) B) C) Indicative list of the main pollutants

List of priority substances in the field of water policy Environmental Quality Standards for Priority Substances and certain other pollutants

Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

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Regulation 111/2005/EC laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

not listed

Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation 649/2012/EU concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed

Legend

AICS NZIoC

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	European Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Nickel (II) acetate tetrahydrate ≥97,5 %, extra pure

article number: 3274

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects (if exposed).
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child (if exposed).
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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