according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Petroleum 132-175 °C, special fraction

article number: 5661 date of compilation: 2019-04-15 Version: **2.1 en** Revision: 2021-10-25

Replaces version of: 2021-06-25

Version: (2)



#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Petroleum 132-175 °C , special fraction

Article number 5661

Registration number (REACH) 01-2119463586-28-xxxx

Index number in CLP Annex VI 649-330-00-2 EC number 927-344-2 CAS number 64742-82-1

Hydrocarbons,  $C_9$ - $C_{10}$ , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Alternative name(s)

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
3.10	Aspiration hazard		Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

#### **Supplemental hazard information**

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen is not required. The substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7). For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09









## **Hazard statements**

Flammable liquid and vapour
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or re-
peated exposure
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary statements**

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#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray P273 Avoid release to the environment

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

#### **Supplemental hazard information**

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)









H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H372 Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Index No

#### Chemical identity of the main constituent

"UVCB substance" (substance of unknown or variable composition).

Name of substance Petroleum 132-175 °C

REACH Reg. No 01-2119463586-28-xxxx

CAS No 64742-82-1

EC No 927-344-2

#### Impurities/additives/constituents:

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Benzene	CAS No 71-43-2	< 0,1
	EC No 200-753-7	
	Index No 601-020-00-8	

649-330-00-2

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration hazard, Irritant effects, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

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#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. Danger of explosion.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

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## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

## Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

#### **Human health values**

Relevant DNE	Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels								
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time					
DNEL	330 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects					
DNEL	570 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects					
DNEL	21 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects					

#### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	1,9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	1,9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	39 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Benzene	71-43-2	PNEC	4,8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

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**Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)** 

#### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber

#### material thickness

0,4 mm

#### · breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless
Odour pungent

Melting point/freezing point -87 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 140 – 164 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 0,6 vol% (LEL) - 7 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 29 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature >200 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) not determined Kinematic viscosity  $0.99 \, ^{\text{mm}^2} / _{\text{s}}$  at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (practically insoluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) >1,784 – <2,361 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 0,5 kPa at 20 °C

Density  $0,776 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$  at 15  ${}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ 

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard There is no additional information. classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension 23,8  $^{\text{mN}}$ /<sub>m</sub> (25 °C) (ECHA)

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Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)



Т3

Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
dermal	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA
oral	LD50	>15.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA

#### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Benzene	71-43-2	oral	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Benzene	71-43-2	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	43.767 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> / 4h	rat

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

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#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	central nervous system	if exposed

#### **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

aspiration hazard

#### • If in eyes

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

#### • If inhaled

vertigo, cough, headache, fatigue, narcosis

#### • If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation)

#### Other information

Other adverse effects: Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
ErC50	1,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	96 h

## Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Benzene	71-43-2	LC50	5,3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Benzene	71-43-2	EC50	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Benzene	71-43-2	ErC50	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

## **Aquatic toxicity (chronic)**

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	0,328 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

#### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

## 12.2 Process of degradability

## **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	13,8 %	4 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfils the very bioaccumulative criterion.

BCF	10 – 2.500 (ECHA)
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## Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Benzene	71-43-2		2,13 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	

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#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	>1,784 – <2,361 (ECHA)
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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN UN 1300 IMDG-Code UN 1300 UN 1300 UN 1300 UN 1300

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE IMDG-Code TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE ICAO-TI Turpentine substitute

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN 3

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IMDG-Code 3 ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN III IMDG-Code III ICAO-TI III

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Proper shipping name TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Particulars in the transport document UN1300, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE, 3, III, (D/E),

environmentally hazardous

Classification code F1

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 30
Emergency Action Code 3Y

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1300, TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE, 3, III, 29°C

c.c., MARINE POLLUTANT

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP) 223

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Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

**EmS** F-E, S-E

Stowage category

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Turpentine substitute

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1300, Turpentine substitute, 3, III

**Environmental hazards YES** (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

3 Danger label(s)



Special provisions (SP) **A3** Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 10 L Limited quantities (LQ)

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

#### Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of su	bstance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>9</sub> - isoalkanes, cyclics, a	C <sub>10</sub> , n-alkanes, romatics (2-25%)	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>9</sub> -isoalkanes, cyclics, a	C <sub>10</sub> , n-alkanes, romatics (2-25%)	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

#### Legend

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,

 Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
 Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.

- 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- (CEN).

  5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil
- or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage";

  (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';

  (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

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#### Legend

R40 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,

- artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
  decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.
- 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.
- 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

#### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes		
E2	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 2)	200 500	57)		

#### Notation

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Chronic 2

## **Deco-Paint Directive**

<b>VOC content</b> 100 % , 776 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	
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#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	776 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>I</sub>

#### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

#### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

#### **Water Framework Directive (WFD)**

not listed

#### Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

#### Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

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Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

#### Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH registered substances
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
Toxic Substance Control Act AICS CICR DSL ECSI

IECSC

NZIoC

PICCS REACH Reg. TCSI

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Narcotic effects.	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

	bbleviations and actoryms		
Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)		
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)		
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)		
BCF	Bioconcentration factor		
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)		
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures		
COD	Chemical oxygen demand		
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)		
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level		
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval		

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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