according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### n-Octane ≥99 %, for synthesis

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Replaces version of: 2019-01-18

Version: (2)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance **n-Octane** ≥99 %, for synthesis

Article number 8753

Registration number (REACH) 01-2119463939-19-xxxx

Index number in CLP Annex VI 601-009-00-8 EC number 203-892-1 CAS number 111-65-9

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

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#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08, GHS09









#### **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking
P273	Avoid release to the environment
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

#### Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

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#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)







H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance n-Octane

Molecular formula C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>

Molar mass 114,2 g/<sub>mol</sub>

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CAS No 111-65-9
EC No 203-892-1
Index No 601-009-00-8

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following ingestion**

Call a physician immediately. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Aspiration hazard, Nausea, Vertigo, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

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#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. Danger of explosion.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

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#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

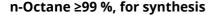
Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

**National limit values** 

**Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)** 

This information is not available.

#### **Human health values**

Relevant DNE	Ls and other t	hreshold levels		
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	2.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	773 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### **Environmental values**

#### Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels Threshold level End-**Organism Environmental com-Exposure time** point partment 10 <sup>μg</sup>/ι **PNEC** aquatic organisms freshwater short-term (single instance) **PNEC** 10 <sup>µg</sup>/<sub>I</sub> aquatic organisms marine water short-term (single instance) **PNEC** 160 <sup>µg</sup>/<sub>I</sub> aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant short-term (single instance) (STP) $4 \, \rm ^{mg}/_{kg}$ **PNEC** freshwater sediment aquatic organisms short-term (single instance) **PNEC** $4 \, ^{mg}/_{kg}$ aquatic organisms marine sediment short-term (single instance) **PNEC** $1,6 \frac{mg}{kg}$ terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection





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Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

0,4 mm

#### breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless
Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point -56,5 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 124 – 126,6 °C at 1 atm (ECHA)

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 38 g/m³ (LEL) - 310 g/m³ (UEL) /

0,8 vol% (LEL) - 6,5 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 13 °C (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature 206 °C (ECHA) (auto-ignition temperature (liquids

and gases))

Decomposition temperature not relevant

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pH (value) not determined

0,801 mm<sup>2</sup>/<sub>s</sub> at 20 °C Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity 0,55 mPa s at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (insoluble (< 1 mg/l))

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): 5,15 (ECHA) Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 2,641 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 1,86 kPa at 25 °C

Density and/or relative density

 $0.71 \, {}^{9}/_{cm^{3}}$  at 15 °C (ECHA) Density

Relative vapour density 3,94 (air = 1)

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Gas group (explosion group) IIA

Maximum Experimental Safe Gap value; MESG >

There is no additional information.

0,9 mm

21,14 <sup>mN</sup>/<sub>m</sub> (25 °C) (ECHA) Surface tension

Refractive index 1,397

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX) T3

Maximum permissible surface temperature on

the equipment: 200°C

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

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#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>5.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
inhalation: vapour	LC50	>24,88 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

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#### **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

aspiration hazard

#### • If in eyes

Data are not available.

#### If inhaled

nausea, headache, vertigo, fatigue, dizziness, narcosis

#### • If on skin

causes skin irritation

#### Other information

none

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	0,3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	ECHA	48 h

#### **Aquatic toxicity (chronic)**

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	0,23 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

#### **Biodegradation**

Data are not available.

#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand:  $3,501 \, ^{mg}/_{mg}$  Theoretical Carbon Dioxide:  $3,082 \, ^{mg}/_{mg}$ 

#### **Process of degradability**

Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	28,3 %	2 d

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#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfils the very bioaccumulative criterion.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	5,15 (ECHA)
BCF	198,7 (ECHA)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption 2,641 (ECHA)
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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 1262
IMDG-Code	UN 1262
ICAO-TI	UN 1262

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	OCTANES
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ai tici	. Halliber, 0755	
	IMDG-Code	OCTANES
	ICAO-TI	Octanes
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ADRRID	3
	IMDG-Code	3
	ICAO-TI	3
14.4	Packing group	
	ADRRID	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Proper shipping name	OCTANES
Particulars in the transport document	UN1262, OCTANES, 3, II, (D/E), environmentally hazardous
Classification code	F1
Danger label(s)	3, "Fish and tree"

Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E

Hazard identification No 33

Emergency Action Code 3YE

## Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code 3

Danger label(s) 3

Fish and tree

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Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to water

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Hazard identification No 33

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name OCTANES

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, OCTANES, 3, II, 13°C c.c., MARINE POL-

LUTAN

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-E

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Octanes

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1262, Octanes, 3, II

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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#### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

#### Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

				_
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
n-Octane	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
n-Octane	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40
n-Octane	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up		R75	75

#### Legend

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,

 Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
 Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

– can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and – present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.

- 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- (CEN).
  5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following require-
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black

opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

R40

- Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
   artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols - imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs
- stink bombs.
- 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

- 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

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**R75** 

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category

1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight; (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight:

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator

(ií) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;

(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the

(f) in the case of a substance is the invalid in the legislation (EC) No 1223/2009 (17), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:

(i) "Rinse-off products";
(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concen-

(n) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

as also falls within one of more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit faid down in point (ii) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that now or revised classification in fifty the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph. plication of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the

amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

tion limit specified in Appendix 13

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below

the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph. 8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for

tattooing purposes.



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## n-Octane ≥99 %, for synthesis

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#### Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20  $^{\circ}$ C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50  $^{\circ}$ C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

#### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)	100	200	56)

#### Notation

56) Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 % 710 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>I</sub>
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#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	710 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>I</sub>

# Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

# Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

**Water Framework Directive (WFD)** 

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

**Regulation on drug precursors** 

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

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#### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

#### Legend

AICS CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

**TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act** 

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

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#### n-Octane ≥99 %, for synthesis

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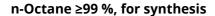
Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Narcotic effects.	The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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