acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863 date of compilation: 2015-09-24 Version: **3.0 en** Revision: 2023-05-17

Replaces version of: 2021-09-13

Version: (2)



#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

Article number T863

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	3.1I Acute toxicity (inhal.)		Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.8	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	1	STOT SE 1	H370

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



### **Supplemental hazard information**

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH208	contains Eosin G (C.I. 45380). May produce an allergic reaction

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS02, GHS06, GHS08



#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H370 Causes damage to organs (eye)

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

#### **Supplemental hazard information**

EUH208 Contains Eosin G (C.I. 45380). May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Methanol

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 **Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 **Mixtures**

#### **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Methanol	CAS No 67-56-1 EC No 200-659-6 Index No 603-001-00-X	80 - < 100	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370		GHS-HC IOELV
Glycerine	CAS No 56-81-5 EC No 200-289-5	<10			IOELV
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	CAS No 17372-87-1 EC No 241-409-6	< 0,3	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Skin Sens. 1 / H317	<u>(1)</u>	

#### Notes

GHS-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/

2008/EC, Annex VI)

Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Methanol	CAS No 67-56-1 EC No 200-659-6	STOT SE 1; H370: C ≥ 10 % STOT SE 2; H371: 3 % ≤ C < 10 %	-	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	oral dermal inhalation: va- pour

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 **Description of first aid measures**



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

### **Following inhalation**

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

#### **Following skin contact**

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Cough, Vertigo, Headache, Following skin contact: Has degreasing effect on the skin,

After eye contact: Conjunctival redness of the eyes, Conjunctivitis (pink eye),

Following ingestion: Abdominal pain, Malaise, Vomiting, Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia, Serious physical decay of vision, Risk of blindness, Large doses may result in coma and death

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat or drink. Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product. When using do not smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



Observe hints for combined storage.

**Consideration of other advice:** 

Store locked up. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

**Ventilation requirements** 

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### **National limit values**

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	methanol	67-56-1	IOELV	200	260					Н	2006/15/ EC
GB	glycerol	56-81-5	WEL		10					mist	EH40/ 2005
GB	methanol	67-56-1	WEL	200	266	250	333				EH40/ 2005

**Notation** 

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Absorbed through the skin Ceiling-C

mist STEL As mists
Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)

**TWA** Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### May-Gruenwald's solution , for microscopy

article number: T863



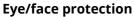
Relevant DNELs	Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture									
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time				
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				
Methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects				
Glycerine	56-81-5	DNEL	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects				

### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	20,8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	2,08 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	7,7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Glycerine	56-81-5	PNEC	1.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)







Use safety goggle with side protection.

**Skin protection** 





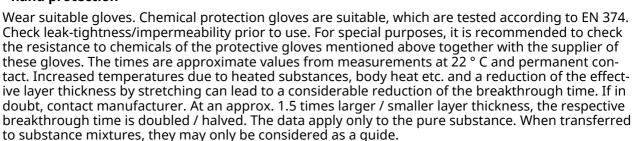
United Kingdom (en) Page 7 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863





#### type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### material thickness

0,7mm

#### breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

### **Respiratory protection**





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Colour violet

Odour like: - alcohol

Melting point/freezing point -98 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 65 °C at 1.013 hPa

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 99 g/m³ (LEL) - 435 g/m³ (UEL) /

2,7 vol% (LEL) - 44 vol% (UEL)

Flash point 12 °C Auto-ignition temperature 455 °C

Decomposition temperature not relevant

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863

pH (value) 7 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure 128 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density  $0.8 \, \mathrm{^{9}/_{cm^3}} \, \mathrm{at} \, 20 \, \mathrm{^{\circ}C}$ 

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

There is no additional information.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Danger of explosion:** Oxidisers, Perchlorates, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Chlorates, Halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrogen peroxide, Nitric acid, Sulphuric acid,

**Exothermic reaction with:** Reducing agents, Acids, Chlorine, Chloroform, Acid chlorides, inorganic, **Dangerous/dangerous reactions with:** Fluorine, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metal, strong oxidiser

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



UV-radiation/sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

aluminium, iron, zinc, different plastics, Rubber articles

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

#### **Acute toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

#### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Methanol	67-56-1	dermal	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: vapour	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	131 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat
Methanol	67-56-1	oral	LD50	5.628 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Methanol	67-56-1	oral	LDLo	143 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	human
Methanol	67-56-1	dermal	LD50	15.800 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit
Glycerine	56-81-5	dermal	LD50	>10.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit
Glycerine	56-81-5	oral	LD50	27.200 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Glycerine	56-81-5	inhalation: dust/mist	LC50	>5.850 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub> / 4h	rat
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	oral	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	dermal	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

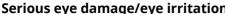
United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs (eye).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	eye	if exposed

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

tem can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness, risk of blindness, large doses may result in coma and death

#### If in eyes

#### If inhaled

#### • If on skin

none

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 21



### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Contains Eosin G (C.I. 45380). May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	eye	if exposed

abdominal pain, vomiting, loss of righting reflex, and ataxia, poisoning effect on central nervous sys-

conjunctivitis (pink eye)

vertigo, cough, headache

has degreasing effect on the skin

#### Other information

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Methanol	67-56-1	LC50	15.400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Methanol	67-56-1	ErC50	22.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
Glycerine	56-81-5	LC50	54.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	EC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	ErC50	51,3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Biodegradation**

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

### Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Methanol	67-56-1	biotic/abiotic	99 %	30 d		
Methanol	67-56-1	oxygen deple- tion	69 %	5 d		ECHA
Glycerine	56-81-5	biotic/abiotic	63 %	14 d		
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1	oxygen deple- tion	94,56 %	28 d		ECHA

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Methanol	67-56-1		-0,77	
Glycerine	56-81-5		-1,75 (pH value: 7,4, 25 °C)	
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	17372-87-1		-1,33	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 3 flammable

**HP 5** specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity

**HP 6** acute toxicity

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 1230
IMDG-Code	UN 1230
ICAO-TI	UN 1230

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	METHANOL
IMDG-Code	METHANOL
ICAO-TI	Methanol

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	3 (6.1)
IMDG-Code	3 (6.1)

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863

ICAO-TI 3 (6.1)

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Particulars in the transport document UN1230, METHANOL, 3 (6.1), II, (D/E)

Classification code FT1

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 336
Emergency Action Code 2WE

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code FT1

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) 279, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Hazard identification No** 

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name METHANOL

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, METHANOL, 3 (6.1), II, 12°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP)279Excepted quantities (EQ)E2Limited quantities (LQ)1 LEmSF-E, S-D

Stowage category B

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Methanol

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1230, Methanol, 3 (6.1), II

Danger label(s) 3+6.1





Special provisions (SP) A113
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	80 – 100 %
VOC content	800 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	80 – 100 %
VOC content	800 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 15 / 21



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



## Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Water Framework Directive (WFD)**

### List of pollutants (WFD)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	Organohalogen compounds and substances which may form such compounds in the aquatic envir- onment		a)	
Eosin G (C.I. 45380)	Metals and their compounds		a)	
Methanol	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to possess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrinerelated functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	

#### Legend

A)

Indicative list of the main pollutants

### Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Regulation on drug precursors**

none of the ingredients are listed

#### Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### National regulations(GB)

## List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

none of the ingredients are listed

## Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

## Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
May-Gruenwald's solution	this product meets the criteria for classi- fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3
Methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	69
Methanol	flammable / pyrophoric		40

United Kingdom (en) Page 16 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS FLINCS INSC.

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Supplemental hazard information	yes

United Kingdom (en) Page 17 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## May-Gruenwald's solution , for microscopy

article number: **T863** 



Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	contains: Methanol		yes
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: FT1	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 3+6.1	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 279, 802(ADN)	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E2	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 1 L	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 2	yes
14.8		Hazard identification No: 336	yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list: None of the ingredients are listed. (Or Concentration of the substance in a mixture: <0.1 % Mass concentration)		yes

United Kingdom (en) Page 18 / 21

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## May-Gruenwald's solution , for microscopy

article number: **T863** 



Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
15.1		VOC content: 800 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	yes
15.1		VOC content: 800 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	yes
15.1		List of pollutants (WFD): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list: none of the ingredients are listed	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17	yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule

United Kingdom (en) Page 19 / 21

# **Safety data sheet Safety data sheet** acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## May-Gruenwald's solution , for microscopy

article number: **T863** 



ErC50	duction in either
Eye Irrit.  Flam. Liq.  Flammable liquid  GB REACH  The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as ar GHS  "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by tions  IATA  International Air Transport Association  IATA/DGR  Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO  International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI  Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG  International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code  International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  Index No  The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV  Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50  Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
Flam. Liq.  GB REACH  The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as an GHS  "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed be tions  IATA  International Air Transport Association  IATA/DGR  Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO  International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI  Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air  IMDG  International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code  Index No  The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV  Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval	
GB REACH The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as an GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed be tions  IATA International Air Transport Association  IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by tions  IATA International Air Transport Association  IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance lethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
IATA International Air Transport Association  IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	mended)
IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization  ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	y the United Na-
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
IMDG-Code  International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  index No  The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV  Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50  Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
index No  The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex No (EC) No 1272/2008  IOELV  Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substalethality during a specified time interval  LD50  Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
IOELV  Indicative occupational exposure limit value  LC50  Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substa lethality during a specified time interval  LD50  Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substa lethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	VI to Regulation
lethality during a specified time interval  LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 %	
LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % specified time interval	ince causing 50 %
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lethality during a
LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
log KOW n-Octanol/water	
NLP No-Longer Polymer	
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
ppm Parts per million	
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Danger tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail	reuses (Regula- )
Skin Sens. Skin sensitisation	
STEL Short-term exposure limit	
STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
TWA Time-weighted average	
UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL)	
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds	
VPvB Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WEL Workplace exposure limit	

Page 20 / 21 United Kingdom (en)

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### May-Gruenwald's solution, for microscopy

article number: T863



#### Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs (eye).

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 21 / 21